Annual Report 2008 For the year ended March 31, 2008 SENKO Co., Ltd. Logistics of the Future Logistics of the Future Logistic

SENKO Co., Ltd.

Umeda Sky Bldg., Tower West, 1-30, Oyodonaka 1-chome, Kita-ku, Osaka 531-6115, Japan Tel: 06-6440-5155 Fax: 06-6440-5175 URL http://www.senko.co.jp/

Profile

Established in Osaka in July 1946, Senko Co., Ltd. is an integrated distribution services company. The Company has grown steadily over the years, listing on the First Section of the Osaka Securities Exchange in 1975 and on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange in 1990.

As of March 31, 2008, Senko boasted a national network in Japan of 297 offices, 2,791 vehicles, 18 owned and chartered ships, and 1,521,930 square meters of warehouse space. The Company engages in wide-ranging business operations, centered on trucking and extending to warehousing, marine transport, railway forwarding, infactory work, and multimodal international transportation.

Senko's forte lies in supplying integrated distribution services, from distribution consulting to system design and operations, that closely match customer needs.

These efficient integrated distribution services have an excellent reputation in the market based on the provision of efficient transportation and distribution systems centered on the Best Partner System that support the construction of customer supply chain management systems. The Company's Best Partner System is a new logistics system that takes full advantage of information technology.

Senko plans to take another major step forward in its transformation from an integrated distribution services company to a logistics information company through the even greater utilization of information technology to provide customers with high-quality, efficient logistics solutions.

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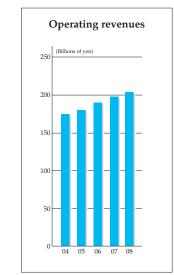
Cautionary Statement with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements

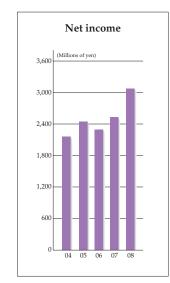
Plans and strategies concerning future business performance included in this annual report are forward-looking statements based not on historical facts but on management's assumptions and beliefs in the light of the information currently available to it, and thus involve a certain element of risk and uncertainty.

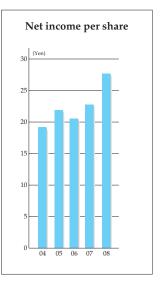
Consolidated Financial Highlights SENKO Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

	Millio	Millions of yen				
Years ended March 31	2008	2007	2008			
For the year:						
Operating revenues	¥204,294	¥198,189	\$2,039,066			
Operating income	6,057	5,491	60,455			
Net income	3,061	2,536	30,552			
At year end:						
Total assets	144,065	135,690	1,437,918			
Net assets	49,846	47,954	497,515			
Per share data: (Yen and U.S. dollars)						
Net income	¥27.70	¥22.80	\$0.28			
Cash dividends	8.00	8.00	0.08			
Net assets	454.03	433.57	4.53			

Note: U.S. dollar amounts are converted from yen, for convenience only, at the prevailing rate of \(\) 100.19 to U.S.\(\) 1 on March 31, 2008







A Message from the President



Despite spiking prices for crude oil and other intensifying competition and other factors, new medium-term business plan, posting

Business Environment

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, Senko posted growth in revenues and profit. Consolidated operating revenues increased 3.1%, to \$204,294 million, while consolidated operating income climbed 10.3%, to \$6,057 million and consolidated net income jumped 20.7%, to \$3,061 million.

During the fiscal year under review, Japan's economy continued its expansionary trend against the backdrop of solid corporate performances in the first half. Entering the second half, however, a

sense of stagnation deepened in reaction to the turmoil in financial markets originating with the subprime loan problem in the United States, the jump in oil and other raw material prices, and other factors.

In the transport and distribution industry, the business climate remained difficult because of the higher fuel costs caused by surging crude oil prices, intensifying competition, and other factors.

Under these conditions, the Senko Group kicked off its new three-year medium-term business plan, which aims to make Senko a "Logistics Information Company." The plan targets the expansion of business, particularly in the wholesale and retail chain store market, by marketing retail supply chain management (SCM) systems. Among the new facilities opened during the fiscal year were the Moriyama Warehouse, in Shiga Prefecture; Nobeoka PD Center, in Miyazaki Prefecture; the Atsugi Logistics Center, in Kanagawa Prefecture; and the Nishi-Kobe PD Center, in Nishi-ku, Kobe. In addition, the Group completed building the container ship Senkoma Maru.

Consequently, operating revenues of the retail logistics business, which combines the wholesale and retail and medical treatment and pharmaceutical fields, advanced 8.5% year on year, to ¥37.0 billion. The retail logistics business accounted for 18.1% of total operating revenues, up 0.9 percentage points from a year earlier. Operating revenues of the housing logistics business rose 5.0%, to ¥54.3 billion and contributed 26.6% of total operating revenues, increasing 0.5 percentage points from the previous fiscal year. In

raw materials and a difficult business climate caused by Senko achieved a satisfactory performance in the first year of its growth in revenues and profits.

addition, revenues of the petroleum and plastics business grew 3.0% year on year, to \$38.0 billion.

Although expenses increased along with the higher fuel costs, the profit contributions realized from the benefits of capital investments in large scale facilities in past years and the impact of low-cost operations reforms, including price revisions, easily offset these higher costs. As a result, the Company posted increases in operating income and net income.

Outline of Medium-Term Business Plan

The fiscal year under review was the first year of our new medium-term business plan, the final year of which is the fiscal year ending March 2010. Continuing on with the goal of becoming a "Logistics Information Company," we are fully committed to achieving the final year goals of a 5% operating income to total assets ratio, a 3% net sales to operating income ratio, consolidated operating revenues of ¥250 billion, operating income of ¥7.5 billion, and net income of ¥3.5 billion. The Company is also aiming to increase its equity ratio based on achieving these goals.

Among specific strategies to reach these objectives, the Company is concentrating on expanding revenues in its three core businesses (Housing, Petroleum-related products and plastics, and Retail logistics-related products businesses) while developing and reinforcing high-priority businesses (overseas distribution, trading, information, 3PL solutions businesses) and new businesses (medical treatment and pharmaceutical businesses, life related businesses, temporary staffing businesses, export related businesses). In addition, the Company will endeavor to expand the foundations for growth for the entire Group, including the use of business alliances and mergers and acquisitions.

During the three years of the plan, we intend to make capital investment on the same level as in the previous medium-term business plan—¥40 billion. This figure combines expenditures for maintenance and renewal as well as strategic investments. In terms of our distribution center network, new construction and expansion during the medium-

A Message from the President

term business plan will increase the total warehouse capacity of our distribution centers to 2.0 million square meters from 1.5 million square meters.

Outlook and Strategies for FY2009/3

The outlook for the fiscal year ahead is for a slowdown in capital expenditures by the private sector, which have been robust in recent years. The decline comes in the face of the rising raw material costs because of the hikes in crude oil and other factors and the deepening turmoil in financial markets centered on the U.S. market.

Despite the continued uncertain business environment anticipated for the Company, we will strive to meet the expectations of our customers by providing services enabling them to achieve high-quality, low-cost operations. We plan to do this based on proposing high quality, highly efficient logistics systems and comprehensive distribution outsourcing services.

In the fiscal year ending March 2009, as the second year of our medium-term business plan, we will take further steps toward our goal of becoming a "Logistics Information Company" and aggressively work to increase revenues and profitability.

Specifically, we will endeavor to reform our customers' distribution systems by expanding use of system logistics (3PL) and to steadily improve the quality of their services through SCM structures. Through these efforts, we will target further growth in demand and seek to increase corporate value by continuing to concentrate on low cost operations based on raising productivity and by implementing business management that emphasizes return on assets.

Entering the fashion logistics business is a new strategy we are initiating in the current fiscal year. We estimate the size of the fashion logistics market to be ¥1.3 trillion. In addition, the percentage of household logistics systems is relative high in the fashion industry, and our sales division has indicated that there is a rising demand among fashion companies for sources of comprehensive logistics services.

Senko has abundant experience in this field, having started offering logistics services to domestic apparel companies in the 1970s. In addition, we are active in the international market, currently operating a comprehensive logistics system linking Japan with Dalian, in China. In terms of business functions as well, we have strengthened our transport and

our distribution processing through business alliances with delivery agencies and product inspection, pressing, and repair specialists.

Aiming for sales of ¥10 billion in the fiscal year ending March 2011, we will endeavor to develop this new business such that Senko is the first company that comes to people's mind when looking for fashion logistics services.

To Our Shareholders

The Company regards distribution of profits to shareholders as a management priority. Our basic policy on profit distribution has been to continue to retain the internal reserves necessary to provide for future business development and strengthen business structure. At the same time, to further increase the return of profits to shareholders, in addition to maintaining stable dividends, we have linked dividends to performance.

For the fiscal year under review, in consideration of performance trends, we paid a dividend of ¥8.0 per share (interim and year-end dividends of ¥4.00 per share). We are planning to pay annual dividends of ¥8.0 per share in the current fiscal year as well.

In moving forward under our medium-term business plan, we look forward to the continued support of our shareholders.

August 2008

Yasuhisa Fukuda President and Representative Director

Y. Fukuda

Review of Operations

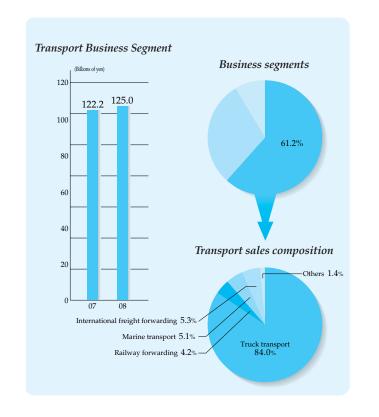
Beginning with the fiscal year under review, the Company's operations have been categorized into three business segments—transport, retail distribution and processing, and others—in consideration of business content and interrelated operations.

Transport

In addition to truck transport operations, this business segment includes railway forwarding on trunk routes; marine transport by container ship, mixed cargo steamer, and specialty ship; and intermodal international freight forwarding.

The core truck transport operations have developed an extensive nationwide network, providing our customers with transportation and delivery services that match their products and distribution structure, including exclusive, combination, route, and joint transport services.

We transport industrial raw materials, machine products, construction materials, housing materials, agricultural products, and consumer items and provide moving services. In short, we handle almost any freight related to food, shelter, and clothing. We operate a diversified fleet comprised of medium-duty trucks, heavy-duty trucks, and tractor-trailers as well as specialty transport trucks, such as tankers, specialty loose powder carrying, and refrigerated trucks. Our diverse transportation capabilities have won the Company high marks from manufacturers and other customers.















Retail Distribution and Processing

This business segment comprises warehousing and infactory work operations.

Our warehouses present a very different image from the warehouses of the past. These multifunctional distribution centers offer services that combine the delivery to and from the warehouse, storage (temperature controlled), set assembly, and labeling processes as well as warehousing, printing expiration dates, logistics history management, IC tag-based distribution and inventory management, and other distribution services provided by advanced warehousing management systems.

Our facilities provide a total storage space of approximately 1,520,000 square meters. With these warehousing bases as the core of our operations, we develop and install logistics information systems designed in anticipation of diverse customer needs. These capabilities allow us to offer a full range of logistics services that assist our customers' production and sales operations.

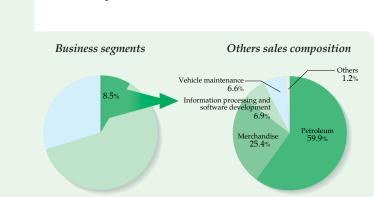
In-factory work comprises distribution and production processes spanning everything from loading and unloading raw materials at our customers' factories and warehouses to wrapping, packaging, and loading finished products. These professional distribution services give high priority to safe, quality operations that support the management of the flow of materials and products within factories.

Operating revenues Business segments 61.9 61.9 60 58.7 Retail distribution and processing sales composition Others 7.1% In-factory processing Warehousing 43.5% Retail distribution 22.5%

Operating revenues

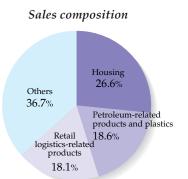
Others

'The others' business segment includes petroleum sales; merchandise sales; information processing and software development; and vehicle maintenance.



Review of Operations by Product Category

In addition to business segments, we disclose sales on a product category basis determined based on groupings of the special cargo and distribution characteristics of customers. This information is provided as part of our efforts to enable shareholders to gain a better understanding of our business.



Housing

For a core group of three major prefabricated housing manufacturers, we provide just-in-time delivery services covering raw material procurement to delivery at the installment location. In addition, we develop SCM systems to comply with zero emissions at the installment site and other requirements. Through this process, we are also responding to the trend toward joint distribution system within the prefabricated housing industry.



Petroleum-Related Products and Plastics

Leveraging its nationwide business development capabilities and its diversified transport system, we provide a full-range of services, from raw material procurement and accepting orders to delivery to end customers. We can also accommodate customers moving into overseas markets and develop SCM systems. These capabilities have earned Senko the top share of the general-purpose plastics transport market in Japan. We are also aiming to capture the top share of the domestic lubricant oil market.



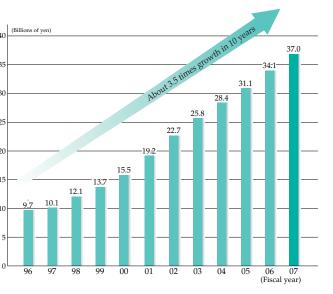




Retail Logistics-Related Products

This product category is the main pillar of our growth strategy. We are acquiring new customers among chain stores, adapting to customers' expansion to other locations and regions, and pursuing outsourcing contracts with apparel companies. Furthermore, in the medical and pharmaceutical fields, we also aim to be on of the top third-party logistics (3PL) companies in the domestic market. Some of our efforts in this area include developing a nursing care product logistics service and creating new logistics models for hospitals.

$Change\ in\ sales\ volume\ of\ retail\ logistics-related\ products$

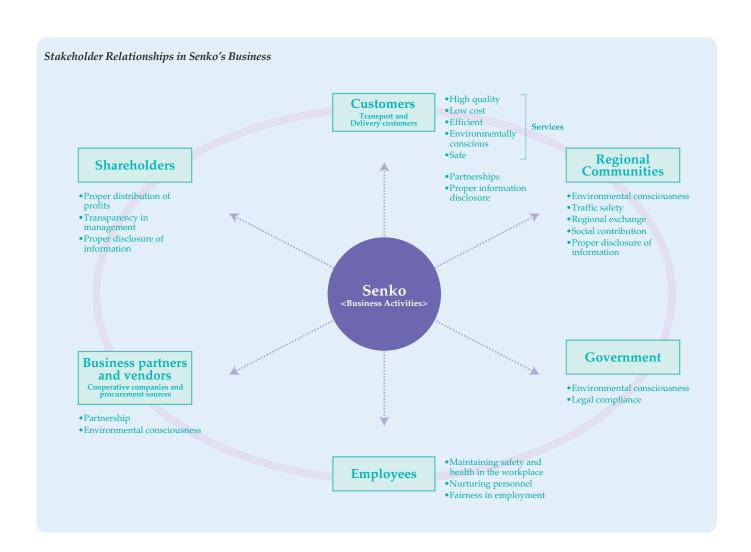




Corporate Social Responsibility

The transport industry to which Senko's core business belongs has a highly public mission. At Senko, we take that responsibility seriously and have established a business organization that complies with laws and regulations and is transparent.

We are pursuing a structure that will ensure a high reputation for our corporate group among our stakeholders. We are working toward that goal by bolstering the internal guidance and promotional organizations within the Group through thorough implementation of corporate governance and compliance, improved customer satisfaction, safe and quality services, and environmental preservation practices.



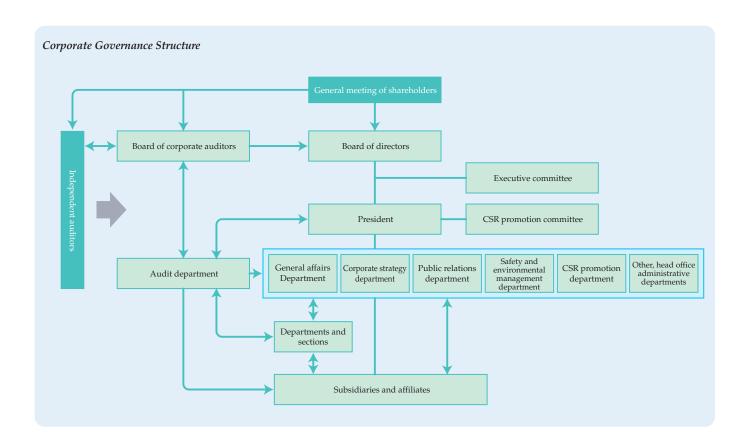
Corporate Governance

Senko has made corporate governance its top priority management issue.

Meeting at least once a month, the board of directors is responsible for monitoring compliance with matters stipulated in the law, deciding important matters related to the management of the Company, and monitoring business execution.

The Company has adopted the auditor system by which four auditors, including two external auditors, attend meetings of the board of directors and objectively monitor the directors' execution of their duties. In addition, the auditors liaise with the Audit Department, which is the Company's internal audit section, and the independent certified public accounting firm, working to ensure thorough compliance by the Company and its subsidiaries and to conduct strict audits.

On June 29, 2004, Senko reinforced the function of the board of directors by introducing a corporate officer system. The purpose of the new system is to separate the business decision and monitoring roles of the board from the business execution role of managers. In addition to strengthening these separate functions and clarifying their responsibilities, the Company has sought to achieve greater transparency in business management through the establishment of an Executive Committee. Corporate officers also participate in the committee, which verifies the status of business execution in the Company's operations.



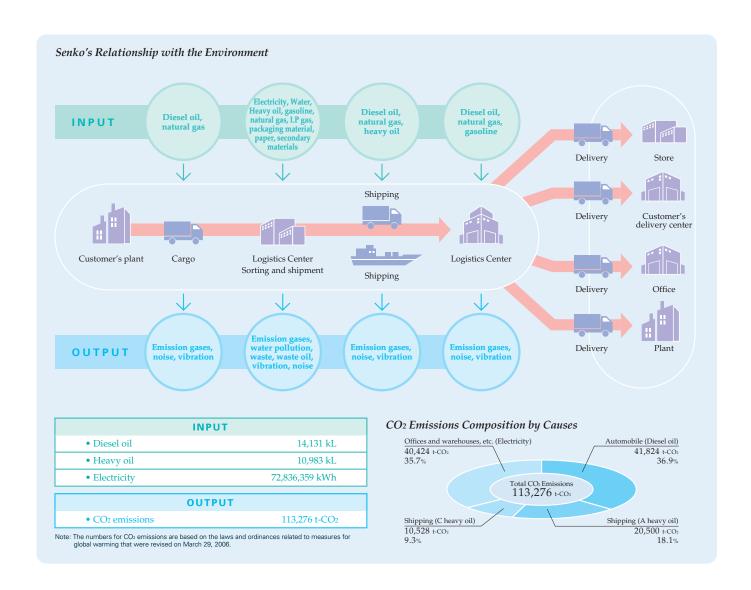
Corporate Social Responsibility

Compliance

By complying with the laws and carrying out business activities on an ethical basis, companies fulfill their social obligations and gain the trust of all stakeholders. As such, compliance represents a most basic corporate policy. Senko aims to carry out sincere and fair business activities and is pursuing stronger compliance systems.

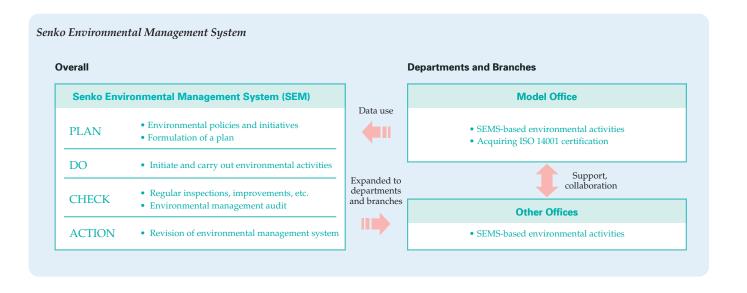
Environmental Activities

Recognizing the major role the logistics industry has to play in protecting the environment, Senko offers modal shift and other logistics services that contribute to environmental preservation as part of its social mission as a logistics company. Moreover, the Company pursues environmental preservation activities throughout its operations based on its ISO 14001 environmental management system.



Details

- 1. Through our environmental activities, we endeavor to reduce the impact of our business on the environment.
- Install digital tachographs on vehicles: installed on 1,400 vehicles
- Thorough practice of eco-driving by vehicle operators
- Use of low-pollution vehicles and transport equipment and introduce energy conservation equipment and facilities
- 2. Aiming to spread environmental management activities (SEMS, ISO 14001 standards) throughout the Company, we continue to improve our environmental preservation.
- 3. We make public environmental information on our business activities (environmental report).
- 4. We proactively propose services to customers that reduce environmental impact (see pictures).
- Actively propose modal shift and other more energy efficient "green" logistics systems

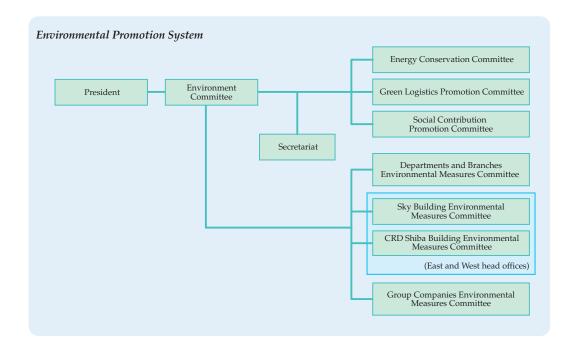








Container ship Senkoma Maru (Completed December 2007)



Improving Safely, Health, and Quality

Guided by the spirit of "respecting people" and "safety before everything else," Senko pursues activities to ensure safety and health on the job. Aiming to have "strong jobsites" that undertake reforms on their own and that in turn become "excellent job sites" that create new value, we focus on nurturing the personnel that will form the core of our workforce.

Activities as a Corporate Citizen

Encouraging each of its employees to act on its behalf as a "good corporate citizen," Senko contributes to local communities and society through its business and voluntary activities. Through these activities the Company seeks to make local communities that form the base for people's lives prosperous and comfortable places to live.



President and Representative Director Yasuhisa Fukuda

President and Representative Director

Yasuhisa Fukuda

Executive Vice President and Representative Director

Kenichi Shibukawa

Directors and Managing Senior Executive Officers

Takeyo Teduka Hisao Takahashi

Directors and Managing Executive Officers

Kengo Tanaka Mitsuru Muramoto

Sadayuki Wada

Directors and Executive Officers

Yutaka Toyama Masahito Kanno Yasushi Morimoto



Executive Vice President and Representative Director **Kenichi Shibukawa**

Full-time Corporate Auditors

Kunihiro Sanada Masakazu Tsuji

Kazuo Saga

Corporate Auditor

Hiroshi Itawaki

Senior Executive Officers

Katsuhiko Miyagawa Masuo Tanaka

Kazuhiro Yamanaka

wiasuo 1

Executive Officers

Yoshihiro Kawase Takao Morita Kazuaki Oike Yoshio Shigeno Hirofumi Teramachi

Koujirou Matsuda Takashi Yamamoto

Financial Review

Performance

Consolidated operating revenues for the fiscal year ended March 2008 climbed 3.1%, to $\frac{204,294}{204}$ million. These results can be attributed to the Company's core principal products category, retail logistics businesses, housing, and petroleum-related products and plastics, contributing increased revenues to overall operating revenues. The retail logistics business combines the wholesale and retail and medical treatment and pharmaceutical fields.

Looking at profits, consolidated operating income rose 10.3%, to \$6,057 million. Because of the hike in crude oil prices, fuel expenses, the major cost of the transport segment, expanded. However, since the additional profits from capital investments made in prior years and the reform of low profitability business exceeded these higher costs, the Company was able to post growth in profits. Consequently, the operating income ratio improved 0.2 percentage points, to 3.0%.

Income before income taxes and minority interests jumped 20.2% year on year, to \$5,791 million, reflecting a decline in other losses.

Moreover, despite an increase in current income taxes, consolidated net income grew 20.7%, to \$3,061 million. The ratio of net income to operating revenues improved 0.2 percentage points, to 1.5%.

Performance by Business Segment

By business segment, transport operating revenues for the fiscal year under review increased ¥2,750 million, or 2.3%, to ¥124,954 million, generating 61.2% of total operating revenues. Despite a decline in freight volume in the housing-related logistics business, the business segment recorded sales

growth because of additional revenues related to the opening of a new distribution center in the previous fiscal year as well as from the modal shift business.

The operating revenues of the retail distribution and processing business segment amounted to \$61,913 million, rising \$3,233 million, or 5.5% and accounting for 30.3% of total operating revenues. The sales benefits from the opening of large-scale facilities, such as the AEON Tohoku RDC and the Senboku No. 2 PD and Urawa PD centers opened in the previous fiscal year and the Moriyama Warehouse in the fiscal year under review contributed to the growth in operating revenues

Operating revenues from the others business segment edged forward \$122 million, or 0.7%, to \$17,427 million, contributing 8.5% of total operating revenues. Although the revenues of oil sales operations increased due to the rise in sales price, overall revenues declined because the slow growth in trading operations.

Performance by Principal Products Category

The Company has three core product categories: housing-related, petroleum-related and plastics, and retail logistics-related. For the fiscal year ended March 2008, these three core product categories accounted for 63.3% of total operating revenues.

Accounting for 26.6% of operating revenue, housing-related products can be separated into distribution services from the factories and housing materials distribution services. During the fiscal year, factory distribution services revenues declined from the second quarter and were down overall for the year. However, the Company recorded

revenue growth in housing materials distribution services due to the conversion of A Line Amano Co., Ltd., the main customers of which are construction materials manufacturers, to a subsidiary. As a result, operating revenues from housing-related products increased ¥2,580 million, or 5.0%, year on year to ¥54,330 million.

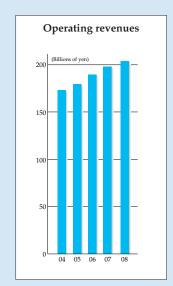
The petroleum-related and plastics product category, which generates 18.6% of total operating revenues, targeted expansion of its bulk container comprehensive distribution system business during the fiscal year. This system uses containers that can hold 16 metric tons of plastic resin or other materials. After filling the container at the factory, Senko delivers the container using its rail, trucking, and marine distribution network, unloads the container, and returns the empty container to the customer. Based on large lots, this door-to-door system provides cost, contaminationprevention, and operating efficiency advantages. Besides these measures, with the opening of the Moriyama Warehouse, the freight volume business for Asahi Kasei Corporation increased. As a result, petroleum-related and plastics product operating revenues advanced ¥1,110 million, or 3.0%, to ¥37,990 million.

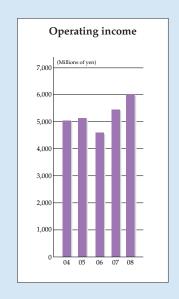
The retail logistics-related product category, which contributed 18.1% of total operating revenues, experienced continued business expansion in the retail logistics field, which has been achieving high growth recently. Contributing factors to the increase in business during the fiscal year were a higher volume of business from general merchandise store

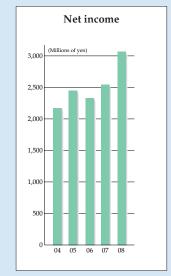
Consolidated Operating Revenues by Products Handled

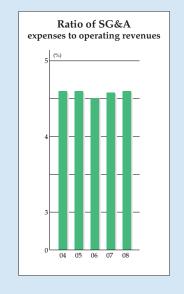
(Units: billions of yen, %)

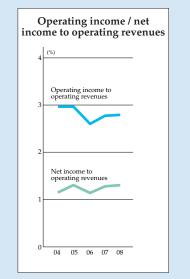
	Year ended	d March 2008	Year ended March 2007			
	Revenues	Composition	Revenues	Composition	Change	% Change
Housing	54.3	26.6	51.8	26.1	2.5	4.8
Petroleum- related products, and plastics	38.0	18.6	36.9	18.6	1.1	3.0
Retail logistics- related products	37.0	18.1	34.1	17.2	2.9	8.5
International freight forwarding and modal shifts	g 18.2	8.9	18.0	9.1	0.2	1.1
Chemicals and fertilizers	4.9	2.4	3.6	1.8	1.3	36.1
Foods	3.8	1.9	3.8	1.9	0.0	0.0
Electronics products and machinery	3.6	1.8	4.2	2.1	△0.6	△14.3
Others	44.5	21.7	45.8	23.2	△1.3	△2.8
Total	204.3	100.0	198.2	100.0	6.1	3.1

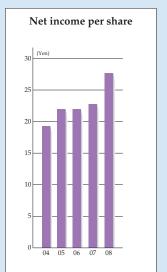


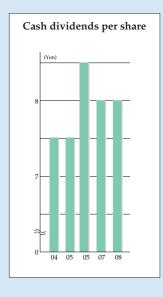


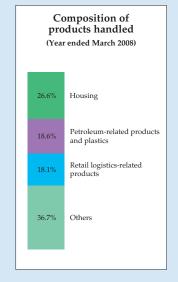












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(GMS) field, including the revenue benefits from the operation of the AEON Tohoku RDC center, which was opened in August 2006. Business volume from major discount store and specialty store chains also rose. In addition, the business volume of medical equipment increased. Consequently, operating revenues from retail logistics-related products grew ¥2,890 million, or 8.5%, to ¥37,020 million.

Financial Position

Total assets at March 31, 2008 increased year on year, climbing \$8,375 million, or 6.2%, to \$144,065 million. The growth in total assets can be attributed to active capital investment and mergers & acquisitions (M&A) activities. The major capital investments during the fiscal year under review were in the construction of the Moriyama Warehouse, the Nobeoka PD Center, and the Nishi-Kobe PD Center as well as the opening of the Atsugi Logistics Center and the building of the container ship Senkoma Maru. The increase in M&A investments came from the investment made in Tokyo Nohin Daiko Co., Ltd., in line with a business and capital alliance agreement and the investment involved in the acquisition of the business of A Line Amano Co., Ltd.

Net assets at fiscal year-end amounted to \$49,846 million, resulting in an equity ratio of 34.6%. Although the equity ratio declined 0.7% from a year earlier because of the expansion in total assets due to active capital investment, the amount of net assets is steadily improving.

Interest-bearing debt at fiscal year-end rose \$4,541 million, or 10.0%, to \$49,908 million. As a result, the ratio of interest-bearing debt to total assets increased 1.2 percentage points, to 34.6%.

Cash Flows

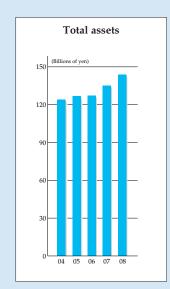
For the year ended March 31, 2008, net cash provided by operating activities increased \$297 million, or 4.9%, to \$6,298 million. This increase can mainly be attributed to income before income taxes and minority interests, depreciation and amortization, and an increase in trade payables exceeding income tax paid and the increases in sales receivables and inventories.

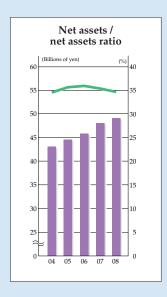
Net cash used in investing activities fell \$3,720 million, or 32.1%, to \$7,880 million from the previous fiscal year. Major expenses components were payments for purchases of fixed assets of \$6,291 million, payments for purchases of businesses of \$907 million, and payments for purchases of stocks based on a business alliance of \$900 million.

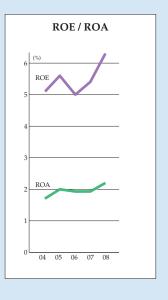
Consequently, free cash flow at fiscal year-end was a negative ¥1,582 million, up ¥4,015 million, from the previous fiscal year.

Net cash provided by financing activities decreased \$806 million, or 20.2%, to \$3,183 million. To increase the consistency of the nature of the Company's assets and its capital financing methods, Senko converted a portion of its short-term borrowings into long-term debt during the fiscal year. In addition, to fund its capital expenditures, the Company raised \$4,984 million through the issue of convertible bonds with new share subscription rights.

As a result, cash and cash equivalents at end of year totaled \$12,318 million, increasing \$1,728 million, or 16.3% from the prior fiscal year.







Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

To the Board of Directors of SENKO CO., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of SENKO CO., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31,2008, all expressed in Japanese yen. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of SENKO CO., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2008 and 2007, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of three years in the period ended March 31,2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

The United States dollar amounts shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated solely for convenience. We have reviewed this translation and, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements expressed in Japanese yen have been translated into United States dollars on the basis described in Note 1.

Osaka, Japan June 27, 2008

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Consolidated Balance Sheets

SENKO Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

March 31, 2008 and 2007	Millions	Thousands of U.S.dollars	
ASSETS	2008	2007	2008
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 12,318	¥ 10,590	\$ 122,946
Trade accounts and notes receivable-			
Non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	34	167	339
Others	26,980	26,107	269,288
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(19)	(20)	(190)
Inventories	1,222	585	12,197
Deferred tax asset (Note 14)	1,670	1,548	16,668
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,943	2,004	19,395
Total current assets	44,148	40,981	440,643
Investments in and long-term loans to non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	1,552	879	15,491
Investment securities (Notes 5 and 9)	1,524	1,670	15,211
Property and equipment, at cost (Notes 6 and 9)	129,109	125,129	1,288,641
Less accumulated depreciation	(55,831)	(54,175)	(557,251)
Net property and equipment	73,278	70,954	731,390
Long-term deferred tax assets (Note 14)	5,147	5,480	51,372
Other assets	18,416	15,726	183,811

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S.dollars	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	2008	2007	2008	
Current liabilities:				
Short-term loans (Note 7)	¥ 7,750	¥ 11,950	\$ 77,35 3	
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7)	4,948	4,260	49,386	
Trade accounts and notes payable—				
Non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	54	34	539	
Others	19,942	18,362	199,042	
Accrued expenses	5,140	5,118	51,303	
Accrued income taxes	1,566	1,192	15,630	
Other current liabilities	4,797	4,222	47,879	
Total current liabilities	44,197	45,138	441,132	
Long-term debt, less current portion (Note 7)	37,210	29,158	371,394	
Accrued Retirement Benefits (Note 8)	9,335	9,670	93,173	
Other long-term liabilities	3,477	3,770	34,70	
Net assets (Note 12):				
Common stock:				
Authorized—294,999,000 shares				
Issued—111,746,167 shares	18,296	18,296	182,61	
Capital surplus	16,554	16,559	165,22	
Retained earnings	15,554	13,201	155,24	
Less treasury stock, at cost—2,024,789 shares in				
2008 and 1,151,067 shares in 2007	(717)	(419)	(7,15	
Net unrealized holdings gain on securities	98	291	97	
Loss on deferred hedges	-	(2)	-	
Translation adjustments	32	25	31	
Stock acquisition rights	26	_	26	
Minority interests	3	3	3	
Total net assets	49,846	47,954	497,51	
Total liabilities and net assets	¥ 144,065	¥ 135,690	\$ 1,437,918	

¥ 135,690

\$ 1,437,918

¥ 144,065

Total assets

Consolidated Statements of Income SENKO Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

			Thousands of
	Millions of yen		U.S.dollars
			2008
¥ 204,294	¥ 198,189	¥ 190,330	\$ 2,039,066
188,300	183,621	177,038	1,879,429
9,937	9,077	8,634	99,182
198,237	192,698	185,672	1,978,611
6,057	5,491	4,658	60,455
739	439	232	7,376
(779)	(630)	(497)	(7,775)
_	(177)	(2,122)	_
_	_	3,804	_
_	_	(1,537)	_
(226)	(305)	(225)	(2,256)
(266)	(673)	(345)	(2,655)
5,791	4,818	4,313	57,800
2,364	1,805	1,324	23,595
365	477	699	3,643
2,729	2,282	2,023	27,238
(1)	(0)	(0)	(10)
¥ 3,061	¥ 2,536	¥ 2,290	\$ 30,552
	Yen		U.S.dollars
¥ 27.70	¥ 22.80	¥ 20.52	\$ 0.28
	9,937 198,237 6,057 739 (779) — (226) (266) 5,791 2,364 365 2,729 (1) ¥ 3,061	2008 2007 ¥ 204,294 ¥ 198,189 188,300 183,621 9,937 9,077 198,237 192,698 6,057 5,491 739 439 (779) (630) — (177) — — (226) (305) (266) (673) 5,791 4,818 2,364 1,805 365 477 2,729 2,282 (1) (0) ¥ 3,061 ¥ 2,536	2008 2007 2006 ¥ 204,294 ¥ 198,189 ¥ 190,330 188,300 183,621 177,038 9,937 9,077 8,634 198,237 192,698 185,672 6,057 5,491 4,658 739 439 232 (779) (630) (497) — (177) (2,122) — — 3,804 — — (1,537) (226) (305) (225) (266) (673) (345) 5,791 4,818 4,313 2,364 1,805 1,324 365 477 699 2,729 2,282 2,023 (1) (0) (0) ¥ 3,061 ¥ 2,536 ¥ 2,290

25.82

8.00

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets SENKO Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

Years ended March 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006

	Thousands					Millions	s of Yen				
	Number of Shares of Common stock issued	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock (at cost)	Net unrealized holding gain on securities	Loss on deferred hedges	Translation adjustment	Stock acquisition rights	Minority interests	Total net assets
Balance at April 1, 2005	111,746	¥ 18,296	¥ 16,508	¥ 10,159	¥ (295)	¥ 158	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ 44,826
Net income	_	_	_	2,290	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,290
Cash dividends	_	_	_	(825)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(825)
Bonuses to directors and statutory auditors	_	_	_	(29)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(29)
Adjustment of retained earnings											
for a newly consolidated subsidiary	_	_	_	14	_	_	_	_	_	_	14
Unrealized holding gain on securities	_	_	_	_	_	227	_	_	_	_	227
Treasury stock	_	_	51	_	262	_	_	_	_	_	313
Balance at March 31, 2006	111,746	¥ 18,296	¥ 16,559	¥ 11,609	¥ (33)	¥ 385	¥ —	¥ —	¥	¥	¥ 46,816
Reclassified balance as of March31, 2006	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	3
Net income	_	_	_	2,536	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,536
Cash dividends	_	_	_	(975)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(975)
Bonuses to directors and statutory auditors	_	_	_	(26)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(26)
Purchases of treasury stock	_	_	_	_	(387)	_	_	_	_	_	(387)
Retirement of treasury stock	_	_	(0)	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	1
Adjustment of retained earnings											
for a newly consolidated subsidiary	_	_	_	51	_	_	_	_	_	_	51
Adjustment of retained earnings											
for a newly share subsidiary	_	_	_	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	6
Other changes	_	_	_	_	_	(94)	(2)	25	_	0	(71)
Balance at March 31, 2007	111,746	¥ 18,296	¥ 16,559	¥ 13,201	¥ (419)	¥ 291	¥ (2)	¥ 25	¥ —	¥ 3	¥ 47,954
Net income	_	_	_	3,061	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,061
Cash dividends	_	_	_	(885)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(885)
Purchases of treasury stock	_	_	_	_	(306)	_	_	_	_	_	(306)
Retirement of treasury stock	_	_	(5)	_	8	_	_	_	_	_	3
Adjustment of retained earnings											
for a newly consolidated subsidiaries	_	_	_	177	_	_	_	_	_	_	177
Other changes						(193)	2	7	26	0	(158)
Balance at March 31, 2008	111,746	¥ 18,296	¥ 16,554	¥ 15,554	¥ (717)	¥ 98	¥-	¥ 32	¥ 26	¥3	¥ 49,846

		Thousands of U.S. dollars								
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock (at cost)	Net unrealized holding gain on securities	Loss on deferred hedges	Translation adjustments	Stock acquisition rights	Minority interests	Total net assets
Balance at March 31, 2007	\$ 182,613	\$ 165,276	\$ 131,760	\$ (4,182)	\$ 2,904	\$ (20)	\$ 250	\$ —	\$ 30	\$ 478,631
Net income	_	_	30,552	_	_	_	_	_	_	30,552
Cash dividends	_	_	(8,833)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(8,833)
Purchases of treasury stock	_	_	_	(3,054)	_	_	_	_	_	(3,054)
Retirement of treasury stock	_	(50)	_	80	_	_	_	_	_	30
Adjustment of retained earnings										
for a newly consolidated subsidiaries	_	_	1,766	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,766
Other changes					(1,926)	20	69	260	0	(1,577)
Balance at March 31, 2008	\$ 182,613	\$ 165,226	\$ 155,245	\$ (7,156)	\$ 978	\$ —	\$ 319	\$ 260	\$ 30	\$ 497,515

8.50

8.00

0.26

0.08

Diluted net income

Cash dividends applicable to the year

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

SENKO Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

Year ended March 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006		Thousands of U.S.dollars		
	2008	Millions of yen 2007	2006	2008
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Income before income taxes and minority interests	¥ 5,791	¥ 4,818	¥ 4,313	\$ 57,800
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	3,340	2,693	2,860	33,337
Loss on disposals of property and equipment	96	296	320	958
Impairment losses	_	177	2,122	_
Loss on revaluation of property	_	_	1,537	_
Decrease in allowance for employee retirement	(349)	(327)	(4,420)	(3,483)
Increase (decrease) in accrued bonuses to employees	31	(0)	158	309
Interest and dividends income	(739)	(439)	(232)	(7,376)
Interest expense	779	630	497	7,775
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(573)	264	(623)	(5,719)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(635)	186	(139)	(6,338)
Increase in trade payables	1,847	921	1,219	18,435
Other	(526)	(874)	(278)	(5,250)
Sub total	9,062	8,345	7,334	90,448
Interest and dividend income received	208	155	168	2,076
Interest expenses paid	(778)	(631)	(500)	(7,765)
Income tax paid	(2,194)	(1,868)	(1,655)	(21,898)
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,298	6,001	5,347	62,861
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Payments for purchases of fixed assets	(6,291)	(7,874)	(4,793)	(62,791)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets	291	167	211	2,904
Payments for purchases of investment securities	(78)	(39)	(239)	(779)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	6	55	178	60
Payments for purchases of non-consolidated subsidiaries	(900)	(44)	(45)	(8,983)
Other	(908)	(3,865)	(1,140)	(9,062)
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,880)	(11,600)	(5,828)	(78,651)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans, net	(4,200)	2,000	200	(41,920)
Proceeds from long-term debt	8,000	9,400	8,450	79,848
Repayment of long-term debt	(4,260)	(5,927)	(6,978)	(42,519)
Proceeds from issuance of convertible bond	4,984	_	_	49,745
Purchases of treasury stock	(306)	(387)	(675)	(3,054)
Sales of treasury stock	3	1	988	30
Dividends paid	(886)	(973)	(825)	(8,843)
Other	(152)	(125)	(89)	(1,517)
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,183	3,989	1,071	31,770
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(5)	9	3	(50)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,596	(1,601)	593	15,930
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	10,590	12,115	11,521	105,699
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents of newly consolidated subsidiaries	132	76	1	1,317
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	¥ 12,318	¥ 10,590	¥ 12,115	\$ 122,946
·				

See the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

SENKO Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

1. Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements:

SENKO Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its domestic subsidiaries maintain their accounts and records in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Corporation Law of Japan (the "Law") and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in several aspects to the accounting and disclosure requirements of International Accounting Standards.

The Company's foreign subsidiaries maintain their accounts and records in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and practices prevailing in their respective countries of domicile.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared based on consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries(the "Companies") which were filed with the Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan.

In preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements, certain reclassifications and rearrangements have been made to the consolidated financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a form which is more familiar to readers outside Japan.

The translation of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollars is included solely for the convenience of the reader, using the exchange rate prevailing at March 31, 2008, which was ¥100.19 to US\$ 1.00. These convenience translations should not be construed as representations that the Japanese yen amounts have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into U.S.dollars at this or any other rate of exchange.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

(a) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its significant subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated.

Non-consolidated subsidiaries, whose combined assets, net sales, net income and retained earnings in the aggregate are not significant in relation to those of the consolidation with the Companies.

The Company has adopted the equity method of accounting for investments in a significant affiliates. The investments in other insignificant unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates are stated at cost.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, net of overdrafts and all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

(c) Investment Securities

Investment securities are classified and accounted for, depending on management's intent.

Marketable other securities, which are not classified as either trading securities or held-to-maturity debt securities, are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of applicable taxes, reported in a separate component of net assets.

Non-marketable other securities are stated at cost.

The cost of other securities sold is determined by the moving-average method.

The Companies classified all securities as other securities.

(d) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is stated in amounts considered to be appropriate based on the companies' past credit loss experience or an evaluation of potential losses in the receivables outstanding.

(e) Inventorie

Purchased goods are stated at cost determined by the first-in first-out method. Supplies are stated at cost determined by the moving-average method. Real estate for sale and work in process are stated at cost sdetermined by the specific method.

(f) Property and Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method for the buildings (including fixtures attached to the buildings), structures and vehicles, and on the declining-balance method for the others, on the estimated useful lives of assets.

The principal estimated useful lives are as follows:
Buildings and structures 3 to 60 years
Machinery and equipment 3 to 17 years

(g) Accrued Retirement Benefits

The company and certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries have retirement benefit plans for their employees. Such benefits are provided through the unfunded lump-sum severance indemnity plan and the funded noncontributory pension plan.

The amount of retirement benefits are determined on the basis of length of service, basic salary and certain other factors at the time of termination of employment.

Allowance for retirement benefits has been provided for employees' retirement benefits, based on the amount of projected benefit obligation reduced by pension plan assets at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized by the straight-line method over a period of 13 years, which is within the estimated average remaining years of service of the Companies' employees. The amortization of such gains and losses is recognized effective the year subsequent to the year in which they are incurred. Prior service costs are amortized in the fiscal year in which they are incurred.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries also have a severance indemnity plan for directors and corporate auditors, whose accrued severance indemnities are stated at 100% of the amount which is computed according to internal rules.

At the Annual meeting of Shareholders of the Company held on June 28, 2007, the retirement benefit plan for directors, corporate auditors of the Company was abolished. In connection with the abolishment of the retirement benefits plan, the company has reversed accrued retirement benefits for these officers and recognized the outstanding balance of 128 million (\$1,278 thousand) at March 31, 2008 as a liability, which was included in other liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2008.

25

(h) Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are recognized by the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on difference of between financial reporting and the tax basis of the assets and liabilities, and are measured using the enacted tax rate and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

In Japan finance leases other than those that are deemed to transfer the ownership of the leased assets to lessees are permitted to be accounted for by a method similar to that applicable to ordinary operating leases.

Goodwill amortized over a period of 5 years by the straight-line method. If the economic useful life can be estimated, the useful life is used as the amortization period.

(k) Per Share Information

Basic net income per share is computed on the basis of the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share is computed on the basis of the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each year after giving effect to the dilutive potential of the shares of common stock to be issued upon the conversion of convertible bonds and exercise of stock acquisition rights.

Cash dividends per share are dividends applicable to the respective years including dividends to be paid after the end of the year.

(1) Translation of Foreign Currencies

All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Revenue and expenses are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing when transactions are made.

Foreign Currency Financial Statements amounts of overseas consolidated subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rate for prevailing at the respective balance sheet dates of those subsidiaries for assets and liabilities, and at the historical exchange rate for net assets. All income and expense amounts are translated at the average rate of exchange of exchange during the fiscal year of those subsidiaries. The resulting translation adjustments are included in net assets as translation adjustments.

3. Change of Accounting Policies

(a) Property and Equipment

With effect from the year ended March 31, 2008, the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries changed its depreciation method of tangible fixed assets (except for vehicle and vessels) acquired on or after April 1, 2007 in accordance with the amendment of Japanese Corporate Tax Law. As a result, operating income, Income before income taxes and minority interests decreased by ¥38 million (\$379 thousand) respectively.

(b) Accounting Standards for Business Combinations and Divestitures

Effective the year ended March 31, 2008, the Company has adopted a new accounting standard for the presentation of business combinations (Business Accounting Council, October 31, 2003). The adoption will not have an effect on the company's consolidated financial position and result of operations.

(c) Accounting Standards for Stock Options

Effective from the year ended March 31, 2008, the company applied Accounting Standard for Share-Based payment (Accounting Standards Board of Japan, statement No.8, December 27, 2005) and Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Share-Based Payment (Accounting Standards Boards of Japan, Guidance No.11, final revision on May 31, 2006). As a result, for the year ended March 31, 2008, operating income, income before income taxes and minority interests decreased by ¥26 million (\$260 thousand) respectively.

4. Supplementary Information

Pursuant to an amendment to the Japanese Corporate Tax Law, effective from the year ended March 31,2008, the company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries depreciate the difference between the original residual value of 5% of acquisition cost of assets (except for vehicle and vessels) acquired before April 1,2007 and the new residual value of 1Yen (memorandum value) by the straight-line method over 5 years commencing from the fiscal year following the year in which the asset becomes fully depreciated to the original residual value. Depreciated amounts are included in depreciation expenses. As a result, operating income, i ncome before income taxes and minority interests decreased by ¥82million (\$818 thousand) respectively.

5. Investment Securities

The carrying amounts of investment securities at March 31, 2008 and 2007, consisted of the following:—

			Thousands o
	Million	U.S.dollars	
	2008	2007	2008
Marketable securities	¥ 1,020	¥ 1,203	\$ 10,181
Non-marketable securities	504	467	5,030
	¥ 1,524	¥ 1,670	\$ 15,221

		Millions of yen						
		Gross	Gross	Book				
	Acquisition	unrealized	unrealized	value				
2008	cost	gains	losses	(Market value)				
Equity security	¥ 843	¥ 206	¥ (39)	¥ 1,010				
Bonds and Others	10	0	_	10				
	¥ 853	¥ 206	¥ (39)	¥ 1,020				
		Millions Gross	Gross	Book				
	Acquisition	unrealized	unrealized	value				
2007	cost	gains	losses	(Market value)				
Equity security	¥708	¥ 492	¥ (7)	¥ 1,193				
Bonds and Others	10	0		10				
Borias ara Otiors	¥718	¥ 492	¥ (7)	¥ 1,203				
		Thousands o	f U.S.dollars					
		Gross	Gross	Book				
	Acquisition	unrealized	unrealized	value				
2008	cost	gains	losses	(Market value)				
Equity security	\$ 8,414	\$ 2,056	\$ (389)	\$ 10,081				
Bonds and Others	100	0	_	100				
	\$ 8,514	\$ 2,056	\$ (389)	\$ 10,181				
The proceeds from sales of, and gross realized gain	n and loss on, other securities for the years	at March 31, 2008 a	and 2007 are summ	narized as follows.				
				Thousands of				
		Millions	of yen	U.S.dollars				
		2008	2007	2008				
Proceed from sales		¥ —	¥ 35					
Gross realized gain		_	2	_				

			Thousands of
	Million	s of yen	U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
Proceed from sales	¥ —	¥ 35	<u> </u>
Gross realized gain	_	2	_
Gross realized loss	_	44	_
	¥ —	¥ 81	<u> </u>

6. Property and Equipment:

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, property and equipment at cost consisted of the following:—

	Millior	Millions of yen	
	2008	2007	2008
Land	¥ 33,214	¥ 33,098	\$ 331,509
Buildings and structures	74,794	72,282	746,522
Machinery and equipment, vehicle and vessels	17,035	15,864	170,027
Tools, furniture and fixtures	3,801	3,577	37,938
Construction in Progress	265	308	2,645
	¥ 129,109	¥ 125,129	\$ 1,288,641

Thousands of

7. Short-term Loans and Long-term Debt:

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, short-term loans consisted of the following:—

			Thousands of
	Millions	s of yen	U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
0.50% to $1.47%$ unsecured loans from banks	¥ 7,750	¥ 11,950	\$ 77,353

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, long-term debt consisted of the following:—

			inousands of
	Millions	Millions of yen	
	2008	2007	2008
0.92% bonds due 2009	¥ 7,000	¥7,000	\$ 69,867
Convertible bond due 2012	5,000	_	49,905
0.74% to 2.51% loans from banks and insurance companies:			
Unsecured	30,158	26,418	301,008
	42,158	33,418	420,780
Less current portion	(4,948)	(4,260)	(49,386)
	¥ 37,210	¥ 29,158	\$ 371,394

The annual maturities of long-term debt at March 31, 2008 for the next five years are as follows:—

Year ending		Thousands of
March 31	Millions of yen	U.S.dollars
2009	¥ 4,948	\$ 49,386
2010	7,838	78,231
2011	5,883	58,718
2012	5,908	58,968
2013	9,258	92,405
There after	8,323	83,072

At March 31, 2008, the Company has committed line and overdraft contracts with twelve banks aggregating ¥22,600 million (\$225,571thousand). Of the total credit limit, ¥6,950 million (\$69,368thousand) was used as the above short-term and long-term borrowing, and the rest ¥15,650 million (\$156,203thousand) was unused.

8. Accrued Retirement Benefit:

The following table sets forth the changes in benefit obligation, plan assets and funded status of the Company and its certain subsidiaries at March 31, 2008 and 2007.

			Thousands of
	Millions of yen		U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
Benefit obligation at the end of year	¥ (24,208)	¥ (24,733)	\$ (241,621)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	13,800	17,801	137,738
Unfunded retirement benefit obligation	(10,408)	(6,932)	(103,883)
Unrecognized actuarial loss	2,730	(1,747)	27,248
Net retirement benefit obligation	(7,678)	(8,679)	(76,635)
Prepaid pension cost	1,657	991	16,538
Accrued retirement benefit	¥ (9,335)	¥ (9,670)	\$ (93,173)

Retirement benefit costs of the Company and its certain subsidiaries included the following components for the year ended March 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

				Thousands of
		Millions of yen		U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2006	2008
Service cost	¥ 1,141	¥ 1,355	¥ 1,184	\$ 11,388
Interest cost	600	612	627	5,989
Expected return on plan assets	(523)	(543)	(361)	(5,220)
Amortization:				
Recognized actuarial loss	(21)	(136)	277	(210)
Prior service costs	_	_	(3,804)	_
Net periodic benefit cost	¥ 1,197	¥ 1,288	¥ (2,077)	\$ 11,947
	¥ 1,197	¥ 1,288	¥ (2,077)	\$ 11,947

Assumption used in the accounting for the defined benefit plans for the year ended March 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	2008	2007	2006
Method of attributing benefit to periods of service	Straight-line	Straight-line	Straight-line
	basis	basis	basis
Discount rate	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Expected rate of return on fund assets	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Amortization period of prior service costs	1year	1 year	1 year
Amortization period of actuarial losses	13years	14 years	14 years

9. Pledged Assets:

The following assets were pledged as collateral as at March 31, 2008 and 2007—

			THO aballab of
	Million	s of yen	U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
Land	¥ 2,393	¥ 2,393	\$ 23,884
Buildings	964	1,024	9,622
Vehicles	3	4	30
Investment securities	10	10	100
	¥ 3,370	¥ 3,431	\$ 33,636

Obligations which were secured on the above assets were as follows:—

			Thousands of
	Million	s of yen	U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
Long-term debt, including current portion	¥ 100	¥ 20	\$ 998

10. Contingent Liabilities:

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, contingent liabilities were as follows:

			i nousands of
	Millions of yen		U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
Guarantees of installment obligation and lease obligation for the third parties	¥ 0	¥ 5	\$ 0
Trade notes discounted	_	15	_
Buyback obligations associated with securitization of receivables	302	373	3,014
	¥ 302	¥ 393	\$ 3,014

11. Lease:

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, financing lease transactions whose ownership are not to be transferred were as follows:

2007, 11.111.11.19 10.100 11.111.111.19		Millior	ns of yen		Thousands of U.S.dollars
		20	008		2008
	Purchase	Accumulated	Accumulated		
	cost	depreciation	impairment loss	Book value	Book value
Machinery and equipment	¥ 13,461	¥ 5,087	¥—	¥ 8,374	\$ 83,581
Tools, furniture and fixtures	14,486	6,385	185	7,916	79,010
	¥ 27,947	¥ 11,472	¥ 185	¥ 16,290	\$ 162,591

Millions of yen			
2007			
Purchase Accumulated Accumulated			
cost	depreciation	impairment loss	Book value
¥ 12,593	¥ 4,860	¥ 317	¥ 7,416
14,493	6,060	213	8,220
¥ 27,086	¥ 10,920	¥ 530	¥ 15,636
	cost ¥ 12,593 14,493	Purchase Accumulated depreciation \$\frac{\pmu}{12,593}\$ \$\frac{\pmu}{4,860}\$ \$14,493\$ \$6,060\$	Purchase Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment loss ¥ 12,593 ¥ 4,860 ¥ 317 14,493 6,060 213

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, obligations under finance leases were as follows:

			Thousands of
	Millions	Millions of yen	
	2008	2007	2008
Due within one year	¥ 4,809	¥ 4,740	\$ 47,999
Due after one year	12,959	12,214	129,344
	¥ 17,768	¥ 16,954	\$ 177,343

At March 31, 2008 and 2007, obligations under non-cancelable operating leases were as follows:

		Ü			Thousands of
			Millions	s of yen	U.S.dollars
			2008	2007	2008
Due within one year			¥ 1,554	¥ 1,554	\$ 15,511
Due after one year			12,935	14,489	129,105
			¥ 14,489	¥ 16,043	\$ 144,616

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12. Net Assets:

The Corporation Law of Japan(the "Law") provides that an amount equal to at least 10% of the amounts to be disbursed as distributions of earnings be appropriated to the legal reserve until such reserve and additional paid-in capital equals 25% of the common stock account. The Law also stipulates that, on condition that the sum of the additional paid-in capital and the legal reserve exceeds 25% of the common stock account, the amount of any such excess is available for appropriation by resolution of the shareholders.

The retained earnings account in the accompanying consolidated financial statements at March 31, 2008, included the Company's legal reserve of ¥ 1,506 million (\$ 15,031thousand).

13. Stock Option Plans:

The stock option plans of the Company approved by the shareholders in accordance with the "Law" at March 31, 2008 were as follows:

Date of approval by shareholders	June 28, 2007	June 28, 2007
Grantees	10 directors 3 auditors	9 operating officers
Shares with warrants granted	Common stock	Common stock
Number of shares with warrants granted	61,000 shares	18,000 shares
Option price per warrant	¥ 1	¥ 1
Exercise period	July 21, 2007 - June 30, 2027	July 21, 2007 - June 30, 2027

14. Income Taxes:

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to several taxes based on income, which in the aggregate resulted in a normal effective statutory tax rates of approximately 40.6% for the years ended March31, 2008 and 2007.

(1) Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

			Thousands of
	Millions	of yen	U.S.dollars
	2008	2007	2008
Deferred tax assets:			
Accrued severance indemnities to employees	¥ 4,721	¥ 5,127	\$ 47,120
Accrued bonuses to employees	1,105	1,085	11,029
Impairment losses	698	853	6,967
Loss on revaluation of land	351	351	3,503
Social insurance premium	175	169	1,747
Loss carry forward	189	128	1,886
Accrued enterprise tax	144	123	1,437
Other	807	596	8,055
Gross deferred tax assets	8,190	8,432	81,744
Less: valuation allowance	(295)	(193)	(2,944)
Total deferred tax assets	7,895	8,239	78,800
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Reserve for reduction in costs of fixed assets	(985)	(987)	(9,831)
Net unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities	(69)	(199)	(689)
Other	(185)	(185)	(1,846)
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(1,239)	(1,371)	(12,366)
Net deferred tax assets	¥ 6,656	¥ 6,868	\$ 66,434

(2) Reconciliation of the statutory effective income tax rate and the income tax rate as a percentage of income before income taxes and minority interests at March 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	2008	2007
Statutory tax rate	40.6%	40.6%
Adjustment:		
Non-deductible expenses	1.8	2.2
Inhabitants' per capita taxes	2.9	3.2
Non-taxable dividend income	(0.8)	(1.2)
Other	2.6	2.5
Income tax rate as a percentage of income before income taxes and minority interests	47.1%	47.3%

15. Business Combination Related:

Previous consolidated fiscal year (from April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2006)

Not available

Current consolidated fiscal year (from April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007)

(The application of purchase method)

(1) Name of company subject to business combination and type of business acquired from the company, reasons, date, and legal form of the business combination, and name of company resulting from the business combination

a. Name of company subject to business combination and type of business acquired from the company

Name of company subject to business combination

A Line Amano Co., Ltd.

Type of business acquired from the company

Transportation of building materials etc

b. Reasons for the business combination

A Line Amano Co., Ltd. has strong capabilities in housing logistics services and a principal customer base of major housing and building material manufacturers. The Company is integrating the business to establish a housing logistics business as a new growth business of the Senko Group by leveraging its customer base, human resources, and transportation capabilities to the maximum.

c. Date of the business combination

July 31, 2007

d. Legal form of the business combination and name of company resulting from the business combination

Legal form of the business combination

Acceptance of business transfer

Name of company resulting from the business combination

Senko A Line Amano Co., Ltd.

(consolidated subsidiary of the Company)

(2) Period of performance of acquired business reported in the consolidated financial statements

From August 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008

(3) Cost of acquired business

Cost of acquired business ¥1,365 million (\$13,624 thousand)

(4) The amount of goodwill recorded, reasons for recording goodwill, and depreciation method and period of goodwill

Amount of goodwill recorded ¥ 900 million (\$8,983 thousand)

Reasons for recording goodwill As the mark-to-market net asset value at the time of the business combination was lower

than the acquisition cost, the difference between the two values was recognized as goodwill.

Depreciation method and period To be depreciated over a 20-year period using the straight-line method

(5) The amount and breakdown of assets received on the date of the business combination

		Thousands of
	Millions of yen	U.S.dollars
Structures	¥ 11	\$ 110
Vehicles and others	196	1,956
	¥ 207	\$ 2,066

16. Segment Information

Business segment information of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries for the years ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 is summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen							
		2008						
	Transport	Retail Distribution and Processing	Others	Total	Elimination or Corporate	Consolidated		
a. Operating revenues and operating income:								
Customers	¥ 124,954	¥ 61,913	¥ 17,427	¥ 204,294	¥ —	¥ 204,294		
Intersegment	3,250	3,666	14,256	21,172	(21,172)	_		
Total operating revenues	128,204	65,579	31,683	225,466	(21,172)	204,294		
Operating costs and expenses	125,161	63,077	31,005	219,243	(21,006)	198,237		
Operating income	¥ 3,043	¥ 2,502	¥ 678	¥ 6,223	¥ (166)	¥ 6,057		
b. Assets, depreciation and								
capital expenditures;								
Assets	¥ 49,263	¥ 77,309	¥7,945	¥ 134,517	¥ 9,548	¥ 144,065		
Depreciation	1,210	1,958	111	3,279	61	3,340		
Capital expenditures	2,409	3,338	303	6,050	419	6,469		

			Million	s of yen		
			20	07		
	Transport	Retail Distribution and Processing	Others	Total	Elimination or Corporate	Consolidated
a. Operating revenues and operating income:						
Customers	¥ 122,204	¥ 58,680	¥ 17,305	¥ 198,189	¥ —	¥ 198,189
Intersegment	3,062	3,665	11,076	17,803	(17,803)	_
Total operating revenues	125,266	62,345	28,381	215,992	(17,803)	198,189
Operating costs and expenses	122,016	60,610	27,845	210,471	(17,773)	192,698
Operating income	¥ 3,250	¥ 1,735	¥ 536	¥ 5,521	¥ (30)	¥ 5,491
b. Assets, depreciation, Impairment losses and capital expenditures;						
Assets	¥ 45,612	¥ 75,158	¥ 6,576	¥ 127,346	¥ 8,344	¥ 135,690
Depreciation	866	1,711	74	2,651	42	2,693
Impairment losses	_	177	_	177	_	177
Capital expenditures	1,989	6,525	52	8,566	260	8,826

			Thousands of U.S. dollars					
			2008					
		Transport	Retail Distribution and Processing	Others	Total	Elimination or Corporate	Consolidated	
a.	Operating revenues and operating income:							
	Customers	\$ 1,247,170	\$ 617,956	\$ 173,940	\$ 2,039,066	\$ —	\$ 2,039,066	
	Intersegment	32,438	36,590	142,290	211,318	(211,318)	_	
_	Total operating revenues	1,279,608	654,546	316,230	2,250,384	(211,318)	2,039,066	
	Operating costs and expenses	1,249,236	629,574	309,463	2,188,273	(209,662)	1,978,611	
	Operating income	\$ 30,372	\$ 24,972	\$ 6,767	\$ 62,111	\$ (1,656)	\$ 60,455	
b.	. Assets, depreciation and							
	capital expenditures;							
	Assets	\$ 491,696	\$ 771,624	\$ 79,299	\$ 1,342,619	\$ 95,299	\$ 1,437,918	
	Depreciation	12,077	19,543	1,108	32,728	609	33,337	
_	Capital expenditures	24,044	33,317	3,024	60,385	4,182	64,567	

Shareholders approved the following appropriation of retained earning at the annual meeting held on June 27, 2008

	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S.dollars
Cash dividends	¥ 439	\$ 4,382

Consolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies (As of July 31, 2008)

Company Name	Paid-in Capital E	quity Ownership	Location	Main Business
Senko Trading Co., Ltd.	¥300 milion	100.0%	Tokyo	Sales of petroleum-related products, information equipment and food
Senko Insurance Services Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Tokyo	Non-life insurance agent business, Insurance agent business based on
				Automobile Security Act., Life insurance soliciting service
Senko Information System Co., Ltd.	¥60 million	100.0%	Osaka	Development and sales of software, Consulting, Information processing
Senko Moving Plaza Co., Ltd.	¥60 million	100.0%	Tokyo	Trucking, Moving services
Senko A Line Amano Co., Ltd.	¥300 million	100.0%	Tokyo	Trucking, Warehousing, In-factory work
Sapporo Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Sapporo	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services
Tohoku Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Miyagi	Trucking, In-factory work
Kanto Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥90 million	100.0%	Ibaraki	Trucking, Warehousing, In-factory work, Vehicle maintenance, Moving services
Kashiwa Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Chiba	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services
Saitama Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥50 million	100.0%	Saitama	Trucking, In-factory work, Vehicle maintenance
Senko Fashion Logistics Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Tokyo	Trucking, In-factory work
Kanagawa Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥10 million	100.0%	Kanagawa	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services
Chiba Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Chiba	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services, Vehicle maintenance
Fuji Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Shizuoka	Trucking, In-factory work
Tokai Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Aichi	Trucking, In-factory work
Toyohashi Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥40 million	100.0%	Aichi	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services
Hokuriku Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥20 million	95.0%	Fukui	Trucking, In-factory work
Shiga Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥30 million	100.0%	Shiga	Trucking, In-factory work
Osaka Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥90 million	100.0%	Osaka	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services, Vehicle maintenance
Hanshin Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥90 million	100.0%	Hyogo	Trucking, In-factory work, Moving services
Chushikoku Logistics Co., Ltd.	¥80 million	100.0%	Okayama	Trucking, Warehousing, In-factory work
Shikoku Reefer Transport and Warehousing Co., Ltd	. ¥50 million	100.0%	Kagawa	Trucking, Warehousing
Sankyo Freight Co., Ltd.	¥10 million	100.0%	Hiroshima	Trucking
Sanyo Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥20 million	100.0%	Yamaguchi	Trucking
Fukuoka Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥50 million	100.0%	Fukuoka	Trucking, Moving services
Minami Kyushu Senko Co., Ltd.	¥25 million	100.0%	Kumamoto	Trucking, In-factory work
Miyazaki Senko Transport Co., Ltd.	¥90 million	100.0%	Miyazaki	Trucking, In-factory work, Vehicle maintenance
Daito Senko Apollo Co., Ltd.	¥10 million	100.0%	Shizuoka	In-factory work, Moving services
Miyazaki Senko Apollo Co., Ltd.	¥15 million	100.0%	Miyazaki	Trucking
Senko Foods Co., Ltd.	¥90 million	100.0%	Osaka	Restaurant operation, Food sales
Guangzhou Senko Logistics Co.,Ltd	US\$200 thousan	id 100.0%	Guangzhou(China)	Freight forwarding, In-factory work, Warehousing
Senko International Logistics Pte, Ltd.	S\$860 thousan	d 100.0%	Singapore	Freight forwarding, Warehousing, Custom brokers
Asics Phisical Distribution Corporation	¥300 million	20.0%	Hyogo	Trucking, Warehousing
Tokyo Nohin Daiko Co.,Ltd.	¥525 million	20.0%	Tokyo	Trucking, Delivery agent, Warehousing
DFTZ Best International Trade & Logistics Co., Ltd.	US\$1,800 thousa	and 33.0%	Dalian(China)	Freight forwarding, Trucking, Warehousing



Date of Establishment: July 1946 Paid-in Capital: ¥18,295,643,751 Authorized Shares: 294,999,000 Outstanding Shares: 111,746,167

Number of Shareholders: 8,130 Stock Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange

Osaka Securities Exchange Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Transfer Agent:

Banking Corporation 4-5, Marunouchi, 1-chome Chiyoda-ku,

Tokyo 100-8212, Japan

Network: (As of July 31, 2008) • Represents Branches Head Office Housing Distribution Sales Department Market Development Division

Chemicals Distribution Sales Department Logistics Sales Department

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Sapporo, Sapporo Minami, Sendai, Sendai Kita, Ibaraki, Saitama, Omiya, Saitama Minami, Kashiwa, Tokyo, Branches:

Kanagawa, Kanto Jyutaku, Chiba, Shizuoka Higashi, Shizuoka Nishi, Nagoya, Komaki, Mie, Keiji, Osaka, Hanshin, Minami Osaka, Nara, Okayama, Kurashiki, Hiroshima, Yamaguchi, Kyushu, Kita Kyushu,

Minami Kyushu, Nobeoka

Departments: Kansai Operation Center, Kyushu Operation Center, International Business, Railway Forwarding,

Air Cargo & KYN (Local Transport Network)